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- 1. What is the primary goal of the Gold Monetization Scheme (GMS)?
 - a) To increase gold imports
 - b) To mobilize gold held by households and institutions for productive purposes
 - c) To decrease the value of gold
 - d) To promote gold trading
 - e) To standardize gold prices

Answer To mobilize gold held by households and institutions for productive purposes

- 2. Which organization certifies the Collection and Purity Testing Centres (CPTCs)?
 - a) RBI
 - b) NABL
 - c) BIS
 - d) SEBI
 - e) IBA

Answer BIS

- 3. What is the minimum deposit required under the Gold Monetization Scheme?
 - a) 5 grams of gold
 - b) 10 grams of gold
 - c) 15 grams of gold
 - d) 20 grams of gold
 - e) 25 grams of gold

Answer 10 grams of gold

- 4. Who can make deposits under the Gold Monetization Scheme?
 - a) Non-resident Indians
 - b) Foreigners
 - c) Resident Indians including individuals, HUFs and trusts

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- d) Companies based outside India
- e) International gold traders

Answer Resident Indians including individuals, HUFs and trusts

- 5. What is the duration range for Short Term Bank Deposits (STB under the Gold Monetization Scheme?
 - a) 6 months to 1 year
 - b) 1 to 3 years
 - c) 2 to 5 years
 - d) 3 to 7 years
 - e) 5 to 10 years

Answer 1 to 3 years

- 6. What is the minimum lock-in period for a Short Term Bank Deposit (STB)?
 - a) 6 months
 - b) 9 months
 - c) 1 year
 - d) 2 years
 - e) 3 years

Answer 1 year

- 7. How is the interest rate for Short Term Bank Deposits (STB) under the Gold Monetization Scheme determined?
 - a) Based on local market conditions
 - b) By the Ministry of Finance
 - c) By the bank on the basis of prevailing international lease rates and other costs
 - d) By the Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS)
 - e) By the World Gold Council

Answer By the bank on the basis of prevailing international lease rates and other costs

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- 8. How often is interest credited in Short Term Bank Deposit (STB) accounts?
 - a) Monthly
 - b) Quarterly
 - c) Annually
 - d) Semi-annually
 - e) At maturity

Answer Annually

- 9. Which entity decides the interest rate for Medium and Long-Term Government Deposits (MLTG)?
 - a) The respective banks
 - b) The Ministry of Finance
 - c) The Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS)
 - d) Government in consultation with the RBI from time to time
 - e) The World Gold Council

Answer Government in consultation with the RBI from time to time.

- 10. What is the rate of interest for Medium Term Government Deposit (MTG) as notified by the RBI?
 - a) 1.75 percent
 - b) 2.00 percent
 - c) 2.25 percent
 - d) 2.50 percent
 - e) 3.00 percent

Answer 2.25 percent

- 11. What is the minimum lock-in period for a Long Term Government Deposit (LTG)?
 - a) 2 years
 - b) 3 years
 - c) 4 years
 - d) 5 years
 - e) 6 years

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Answer 5 years

- 12. Under the Gold Monetization Scheme, what option does a depositor have for the redemption of principal and interest at maturity for STBD?
 - a) Only in gold
 - b) Only in Indian Rupee
 - c) Either in Indian Rupee equivalent or in gold
 - d) Only in US Dollars
 - e) Only in Euros

Answer Either in Indian Rupee equivalent or in gold

- 13. What is the periodicity of interest payment for Medium and Long-Term Government Deposits (MLTG)?
 - a) Monthly
 - b) Quarterly
 - c) Semi-annually
 - d) Annually
 - e) At maturity

Answer Annually

- 14. What is the administrative charge for redemption in gold for deposits made from August 04, 2022?
 - a) 0.2 percent
 - b) 0.25 percent
 - c) 0.5 percent
 - d) 1 percent
 - e) 1.5 percent

Answer 0.5 percent

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- 15. What is the handling charge rate for banks for MLTGD as decided by the Central Government?
 - a) 0.5 percent
 - b) 1 percent
 - c) 1.5 percent
 - d) 2 percent
 - e) 2.5 percent

Answer 1.5 percent

- 16. Which entity reimburses banks for payments made relating to MLTGD?
 - a) Ministry of Finance
 - b) Central Account Section (CAS) of RBI, Nagpur
 - c) Bureau of Indian Standards
 - d) World Gold Council
 - e) Government of India

Answer Central Account Section (CAS) of RBI, Nagpur

- 17. What should banks do if a deposit is not redeemed on the due date?
 - a) Continue accruing interest
 - b) Redeem with a penalty
 - c) No interest will be paid on the outstanding deposit for the period overdue
 - d) Transfer the amount to a government account
 - e) Charge an additional administrative fee

Answer No interest will be paid on the outstanding deposit for the period overdue

- 18. How will the designated banks maintain the Gold Deposit Accounts?
 - a) In the name of the Central Government
 - b) In the name of individual depositors
 - c) Denominated in US dollars
 - d) Denominated in Indian Rupees
 - e) Denominated in gold.

Answer Denominated in gold

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- 19. What is the lock-in period for a Medium Term Gold Deposit (MTG)?
 - a) 1 year
 - b) 2 years
 - c) 3 years
 - d) 5 years
 - e) 7 years

Answer 3 years

- 20. For redemption in gold, what is the minimum quantity of gold payable to the depositor?
 - a) 1 gram
 - b) 5 grams
 - c) 10 grams
 - d) 50 grams
 - e) 100 grams

Answer 10 grams

- 21. If a depositor does not redeem the gold within 60 days after maturity, what happens to the redemption amount?
 - a) It is forfeited.
 - b) It is automatically renewed.
 - c) It is converted to INR and credited to the depositor's account.
 - d) It accrues additional interest.
 - e) It is transferred to a government account.

Answer It is converted to INR and credited to the depositor's account

- 22. Which of the following is not a responsibility of the Collection and Purity Testing Centres (CPTCs)?
 - a) Issuing a certificate showing the standard gold of 995 fineness.
 - b) Refining the gold.
 - c) Sending an advice to the designated bank regarding the acceptance of deposit.

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- d) Assaying the gold.
- e) Issuing the final deposit certificate.

Answer Issuing the final deposit certificate

- 23. What is the rate of commission paid to designated banks for mobilizing gold deposits under the scheme?
 - a) 0.5 percent
 - b) 1.0 percent
 - c) 1.25 percent
 - d) 1.5 percent
 - e) 2.0 percent

Answer 1.0 percent

- 24. How soon before redemption must banks notify depositors about the upcoming maturity of their gold deposit?
 - a) 30 days
 - b) 60 days
 - c) 90 days
 - d) 120 days
 - e) 150 days

Answer 120 days

- 25. What must a depositor produce for redemption or renewal of their gold deposit?
 - a) Bank account statement
 - b) Identity proof
 - c) Original deposit certificate
 - d) Gold receipt from CPTC
 - e) A notarized affidavit

Answer Original deposit certificate

26. Who is responsible for the final draft approval of the tripartite agreement between banks, refiners, and CPTCs?

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- a) Ministry of Finance
- b) Reserve Bank of India
- c) Indian Banks Association
- d) Central Government
- e) State Bank of India

Answer Indian Banks Association

27. Which entity will decide the fee paid to refiners by designated banks for their services?

- a) Ministry of Finance
- b) Reserve Bank of India
- c) Central Government
- d) Mutual agreement between banks and refiners
- e) Indian Banks Association

Answer Mutual agreement between banks and refiners

28. For what purpose may banks sell gold mobilized under the Short Term Bank Deposit (STB)?

- a) To international investors
- b) To private individuals
- c) To MMTC for minting India Gold Coins
- d) To foreign banks
- e) To central banks of other countries

Answer To MMTC for minting India Gold Coins

29. What is the main purpose of dematerializing MTGD and LTGD deposit certificates?

- a) To increase physical storage security
- b) To make them tradable and mortgageable
- c) To reduce transaction fees
- d) To limit access to authorized personnel
- e) To improve physical handling processes

Answer To make them tradable and mortgageable

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- 30. What type of gold deposits can be auctioned by MMTC or other authorized agencies under MLTGD?
 - a) Only gold jewellery
 - b) Only gold coins
 - c) All gold deposited under MLTGD
 - d) Only gold bars
 - e) Only gold bullion

Answer All gold deposited under MLTGD