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- 1 The Public Provident Fund (PPF) is a financial instrument introduced in India by which government agency?
 - a) Reserve Bank of India
 - b) National Savings Institute
 - c) Securities and Exchange Board of India
 - d) Finance Commission of India
 - e) Life Insurance Corporation of India

ANSWER National Savings Institute

- 2 What is the minimum annual deposit required to open and maintain a PPF account?
 - a) Rs. 100
 - b) Rs. 250
 - c) Rs. 500
 - d) Rs. 1,000
 - e) Rs. 2,000

ANSWER Rs. 500

- 3 What is the maximum amount that can be deposited in a PPF account in a single financial year?
 - a) Rs. 50,000
 - b) Rs. 75,000
 - c) Rs. 1,00,000
 - d) Rs. 1,50,000
 - e) Rs. 2,00,000

ANSWER Rs. 1,50,000

- 4 What is the initial tenure of a Public Provident Fund account?
 - a) 5 years
 - b) 8 years
 - c) 10 years
 - d) 12 years
 - e) 15 years

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ANSWER 15 years

- 5 After the initial tenure, a PPF account can be extended in increments of how many years?
 - a) 2 years
 - b) 3 years
 - c) 4 years
 - d) 5 years
 - e) 7 years

ANSWER 5 years

- 6 Which of the following is NOT a benefit of investing in a Public Provident Fund account?
 - a) High interest rates compared to savings accounts
 - b) Tax exemption on invested amount (under Section 80C)
 - c) Loan facility available after a certain period
 - d) Partial liquidity after account maturity
 - e) Maturity amount is tax-free under certain conditions

ANSWER Partial liquidity after account maturity

- 7 PPF accounts come under the government's guarantee, which means in case of any bank failure, the account holder is insured up to what amount?
 - a) Rs. 1 lakh
 - b) Rs. 5 lakh
 - c) Rs. 10 lakh
 - d) Up to the entire account balance
 - e) PPF accounts are not insured

ANSWER Up to the entire account balance

- 8 Who is eligible to open a Public Provident Fund account in India?
 - a) Only Indian residents
 - b) Only Non-Resident Indians (NRIs)
 - c) Both resident Indians and NRIs
 - d) Only government employees
 - e) Only senior citizens

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ANSWER Only Indian residents

- 9 When are partial withdrawals allowed from a PPF account?
 - a) Anytime during the tenure
 - b) Only after account maturity
 - c) After 1 year of account opening
 - d) After 5 years of account opening and then onwards every year
 - e) After 10 years of account opening

ANSWER After 5 years of account opening and then onwards every year

- 10 Up to what percentage of the balance in a PPF account can be withdrawn partially after the completion of 5 years?
 - a) 10%
 - b) 20%
 - c) 30%
 - d) 40%
 - e) 50%

ANSWER 50%

- 11 In which of the following scenarios a full premature closure of a PPF account can not be considered?
 - a) Account holder's death
 - b) Treatment of life threatening disease of account holder's spouse
 - c) Higher education expenses of account holder or children
 - d) Job loss
 - e) On change of residency status of the account holder

ANSWER Job loss

- 12 Who can open a Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana (SSY) account?
 - a) Any woman in India
 - b) A girl child's father only
 - c) A girl child's guardian
 - d) The girl child herself after she turns 18

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e) A grandparent of the girl child

ANSWER A girl child's guardian

- 13 Up to what age can a Sukanya Samriddhi account be opened for a girl child?
 - a) Any age
 - b) Up to her 18th birthday
 - c) Up to her 21st birthday
 - d) Up to the time she gets married
 - e) Up to 10 years of her age

ANSWER Up to 10 years of her age

- 14 What is the minimum amount that can be deposited in a Sukanya Samriddhi account in a financial year?
 - a) No minimum requirement
 - b) Rs. 100
 - c) Rs. 250
 - d) Rs. 500
 - e) Rs. 1,000

ANSWER Rs. 250

- 15 What is the maximum amount that can be deposited in a Sukanya Samriddhi account in a financial year?
 - a) Rs. 25,000
 - b) Rs. 50,000
 - c) Rs. 1,00,000
 - d) Rs. 1,50,000
 - e) There is no upper limit

ANSWER Rs. 1,50,000

- 16 After what period can a partial withdrawal be made from a Sukanya Samriddhi account?
 - a) Anytime during the tenure
 - b) After account maturity

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- c) Never, no partial withdrawals allowed
- d) After 5 years, up to 50% of the balance at the end of the preceding year
- e) After the girl child turns 18, she can withdraw up to 50% of balance for higher studies or marriage

ANSWER After the girl child turns 18, she can withdraw up to 50% of balance for higher studies or marriage

- 17 On 'what is interest earned' on a Sukanya Samriddhi account taxable?
 - a) The entire amount
 - b) Only interest exceeding a certain limit
 - c) Interest is completely tax-free
 - d) Depends on the account holder's tax bracket
 - e) Taxed at a flat rate

ANSWER Interest is completely tax-free

- 18 What are the benefits offered by the Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana?
 - a) High interest rates and tax benefits for self
 - b) Encourages saving for girl child's education and marriage
 - c) Loan facility after a certain period
 - d) Investment option for senior citizens
 - e) All of the above (except option c)

ANSWER Encourages saving for girl child's education and marriage

- 19 When does a Sukanya Samriddhi account mature?
 - a) On the girl child's 18th birthday
 - b) On the girl child's 21st birthday
 - c) After 15 years from account opening
 - d) On Completion of a period of 21 years from the date of account opening
 - e) When the account balance reaches a specific amount

ANSWER On Completion of a period of 21 years from the date of account opening

20 Is there a penalty for not making an annual deposit in a Sukanya Samriddhi account?

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- a) A penalty equal to the minimum required deposit is charged
- b) The account gets deactivated
- c) No penalty, but interest calculation is affected
- d) There is no penalty
- e) Yes, Rs. 50 per year of default

ANSWER Yes, Rs. 50 per year of default

- 21 Can a Sukanya Samriddhi account be opened in the name of a non-resident Indian (NRI) girl child?
 - a) No, only resident Indian girls are eligible
 - b) Yes, with certain restrictions
 - c) NRI accounts earn a higher interest rate
 - d) Requires a special application process
 - e) Only the girl child's legal guardian in India can open the account

ANSWER No, only resident Indian girls are eligible

- 22 Where can a Sukanya Samriddhi account be opened
 - a) Only in designated banks
 - b) Only in post offices
 - c) In both designated banks and post offices
 - d) Through online investment platforms
 - e) Any nationalized bank

ANSWER In both designated banks and post offices

- 23 What are the documents required to open a Sukanya Samriddhi account?
 - a) Identity proof and address proof of the guardian
 - b) Birth certificate of the girl child
 - c) Income tax document of the guardian
 - d) Both option a & b
 - e) Photocopies of bank statements

ANSWER Both option a & b

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24 What is the minimum age requirement (without any exception) to be eligible for the Senior Citizen Savings Scheme (SCSS)?

- a) 60 years old
- b) 65 years old
- c) 70 years old
- d) There is no minimum age requirement
- e) 55 years old

ANSWER 60 years old

25 Who can open a Senior Citizen Savings Scheme account?

- a) Any senior citizen in India
- b) Indian citizens above the age of 55 years who have opted for voluntary retirement from service
- c) Retired personnel of defence services (Excluding Civilian Defence employees) on attaining age of 50 years subject to fulfilment of other specified conditions
- d) Dependents of senior citizens
- e) Option no a, b & c

ANSWER Option no a, b & c

- 26 What is the minimum amount required to open an SCSS account?
 - a) No minimum requirement
 - b) Rs. 1,000
 - c) Rs. 10,000
 - d) Rs. 5,000
 - e) Rs. 25,000

ANSWER Rs. 1,000

- 27 What is the maximum investment limit for an SCSS account?
 - a) Rs. 10 lakh
 - b) Rs. 25 lakh
 - c) Rs. 15 lakh
 - d) Rs. 30 lakh
 - e) Rs. 20 lakh

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ANSWER Rs. 30 lakh

- 28 How often is the interest on an SCSS account paid out?
 - a) Monthly
 - b) Quarterly
 - c) Biannually
 - d) Annually
 - e) Interest is compounded annually but not paid out

ANSWER Quarterly

- 29 Is there a penalty for premature withdrawal in First year from an SCSS account?
 - a) No penalty
 - b) A fixed penalty is charged
 - c) Interest earned for the year is forfeited
 - d) The account gets deactivated
 - e) A fixed penalty of 1.5 % is charged

ANSWER Interest earned for the year is forfeited

- 30 Are there any tax benefits associated with the Senior Citizen Savings Scheme?
 - a) No tax benefits
 - b) Interest earned is partially tax-exempt
 - c) Deposits qualify for deduction under Section 80C of the Income Tax Act
 - d) Tax benefits depend on the account holder's income bracket
 - e) There is a flat tax rate on the interest

ANSWER Deposits qualify for deduction under Section 80C of the Income Tax Act